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Since this translation is prepared in July 2025 based on the Japanese text current at that time, the translation may not reflect the latest information, due to continuous revision of package inserts.

The latest Japanese text is available on PMDA website.

Kracie

Oct 2023 (1st version)

Standard Commodity Classification No. of Japan	
875200	
Approval No.	21900AMX00645000
Date of Initial Marketing in Japan	Oct 1986

Kampo product

Kracie Hangeshashinto Extract Tablets

Storage : Store at room temperature
Shelf Life : 3 years

EKT-14

2. CONTRAINDICATIONS (This drug is contraindicated to the following patients.)

- 2.1 Patients with aldosteronism [The disease and its symptoms may be aggravated.]
- 2.2 Patients with myopathy [The disease and its symptoms may be aggravated.]
- 2.3 Patients with hypokalaemia [The disease and its symptoms may be aggravated.]




3. COMPOSITION AND PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

3.1 Composition

Brand name	Kracie Hangeshashinto Extract Tablets		
Active ingredients	The daily dose of this product (18 tablets) contains 3,800 mg of JP Hangeshashinto extract, derived from a mixture of the following crude drugs.		
	JP Pinellia Tuber	5.0	g
	JP Scutellaria Root	2.5	g
	JP Ginger	2.5	g
	JP Ginseng	2.5	g
	JP Glycyrrhiza	2.5	g
	JP Jujube	2.5	g
	JP Coptis Rhizome	1.0	g
Inactive ingredients	JP Sodium Lauryl Sulfate, JP Magnesium Stearate, JP Light Anhydrous Silicic Acid, JP Lactose Hydrate, JP Microcrystalline Cellulose, JP Croscarmellose Sodium		

(JP: The Japanese Pharmacopoeia)

3.2 Product Description

Dosage form	Uncoated tablet		
Color	Light yellow to light brown		
Odor	Practically none or slightly characteristic odor		
Taste	Sweet at first, pungent afterwards		
Appearance	Surface	Back	Side
			
Diameter	9.2 mm		
Thickness	4.9 mm		
Mass	330 mg		
ID code	EKT-14		

4. INDICATIONS

The following symptoms in patients who have feeling of tightness in the pit of the stomach, sometimes nausea and vomiting, anorexia, rumbling stomach, and tendency of loose stools or diarrhea:

Acute or chronic gastrointestinal catarrh, fermentative diarrhea, dyspepsia, gastroptosis, neurotic gastritis, weak stomach, hangover, belching, heartburn, stomatitis, neurotic disorder

6. DOSAGE AND ADMINISTRATION

The usual adult dosage for oral use is 18 tablets daily in two or three divided doses before or between meals.

The dosage may be adjusted according to the patient's age, body weight, and symptoms.

8. IMPORTANT PRECAUTIONS

8.1 When this product is used, the patient's "SHO" (constitution/symptoms) should be taken into consideration. The patient's progress should be carefully monitored, and if no improvement in symptoms or findings is observed, continuous administration should be avoided.

8.2 Since this product contains Glycyrrhiza, careful attention should be paid to the serum potassium level, blood pressure, etc. [See Sections 10.2, 11.1.2, 11.1.3.]

8.3 When this product is used in combination with other Kampo products, etc., attention should be paid to the duplication of the contained crude drugs.

9. PRECAUTIONS CONCERNING PATIENTS WITH SPECIFIC BACKGROUNDS

9.5 Pregnant Women

This product should be used in pregnant women or women who may possibly be pregnant only if the expected therapeutic benefits outweigh the possible risks associated with treatment.

9.6 Breast-feeding Women

Considering the therapeutic benefits and the benefits of breastfeeding, continuation or discontinuation of breastfeeding should be considered.

9.7 Pediatric Use

No clinical studies have been conducted in children.

9.8 Geriatric Use

Since the physiological functions are generally decreased in elderly patients, careful supervision is recommended; measures such as reducing the dose may be considered.

10. INTERACTIONS

10.2 Precautions for Co-administration (This drug should be administered with caution when co-administered with the following.)

Drugs	Signs, Symptoms, and Treatment	Mechanism and Risk Factors
Glycyrrhiza-containing preparations Shakuyakukanzoto Hochuekkito Yokukansan, etc. Preparations containing glycyrrhizic acid and its salts Monoammonium Glycyrrhizinate/Glycine/L-cysteine Monoammonium Glycyrrhizinate/Glycine/DL-Methionine combination tablets, etc. Loop diuretics Azosemide Torasemide Furosemide, etc. Thiazide diuretics Trichlormethiazide Hydrochlorothiazide Benzylhydrochlorothiazide, etc. [See Sections 8.2, 11.1.2, 11.1.3]	Pseudoaldosteronism is likely to occur. As a result of hypokalaemia, myopathy is likely to occur.	Since glycyrrhizic acid and diuretics promote potassium excretion in renal tubules, it is considered that a decrease in the serum potassium level may be promoted.

11. ADVERSE REACTIONS

The following adverse reactions may occur. Patients should be carefully monitored, and if any abnormalities are observed, appropriate measures such as discontinuation of administration should be taken.

11.1 Clinically Significant Adverse Reactions

11.1.1 Interstitial pneumonia (frequency unknown)

If cough, dyspnea, pyrexia, abnormal lung sound, etc. are observed, administration of this product should be discontinued, and examinations such as chest X-ray and chest CT scan should be performed immediately, and appropriate measures such as administration of corticosteroid should be taken. In addition, patients should be advised to discontinue administration of this product and contact the physician immediately if cough, dyspnea, or pyrexia, etc. occur.

11.1.2 Pseudoaldosteronism (frequency unknown)

Pseudoaldosteronism such as hypokalaemia, blood pressure increased, retention of sodium/body fluid, edema, and body weight gain may occur. Patients should be carefully monitored (e.g., measurement of serum potassium levels), and if any abnormalities are observed, administration should be discontinued, and appropriate measures such as administration of potassium preparations should be taken. [See Sections 8.2, 10.2]

11.1.3 Myopathy (frequency unknown)

Myopathy may occur as a result of hypokalaemia. Patients should be carefully monitored, and if any abnormalities such as feelings of weakness, muscle cramp in extremities, or paralysis are observed, administration should be discontinued and appropriate measures such as administration of potassium preparations should be taken. [See Sections 8.2, 10.2]

11.1.4 Hepatic impairment, jaundice (frequency unknown)

Hepatic impairment and/or jaundice with marked elevations of AST, ALT, Al-P, γ -GTP, etc. may occur.

11.2 Other Adverse Reactions

	Frequency unknown
Hypersensitivity	Rash, Urticaria, etc.

20. PRECAUTIONS FOR HANDLING

20.1 To maintain the quality of the product, avoid moisture as much as possible and store in a cool place, away from direct sunlight.

20.2 Avoid moisture, especially after opening, and handle with care.

20.3 Since this product is made from crude drugs, the color of the product may vary.

22. PACKAGING

252 tablets (3 tablets \times 6 packets \times 14 sheets) [sachets]

1,764 tablets (3 tablets \times 6 packets \times 98 sheets) [sachets]

26. MARKETING AUTHORIZATION HOLDER, etc.

26.1 Manufactured and Distributed by:

OMINEDO PHARMACEUTICAL INDUSTRY CO., LTD.
574, Nenarigaki, Yamatotakada-city, Nara 635-0051, Japan

26.2 Distributed by:

Kracie Pharmaceutical, Ltd.

20-20, Kaigan 3-Chome, Minato-ku, Tokyo 108-8080, Japan